

# MEN ON STRIKE PROMISE FIGHT

It Will be Marked by No Violence  
And Will Depend on  
Sentiment.

## JAPS GO TO WORK TODAY

With Them Were Aliens of Nearly  
Every Nation—Union  
Men Only Watch.

Appeal is Made to Commercial Club  
To Act as Intermediary in Bring-  
ing About Settlement.

The only case of disorder reported to the police in consequence of the strike was that of a non-union American who had been at work today with the aliens, and who refused to give his name to the police. He had left the works at noon and was on his way to a Second South eating house when he was set upon by three men the police declare to have been strikers. He was more scared than injured, however, but was not to be seen after work was resumed at 1 o'clock. No arrests were made.

At the blowing of the whistle at 1 o'clock this afternoon, nine men responded, the others, Japs, Greeks, Austrians and others, having decided not to go on with the job as strike-breakers. The nine men who did respond were put to work cleaning up the rubbish in the basement, but were not putting up any structural iron.

Supr. Holstrom for the steel company says that the strike is not authorized by the international officers, and he intends to begin negotiations with them to bring matters to a settlement.

President Halloran, the members of the board of governors, and others influential in business circles, waited upon the general contractors, James Stewart & Co., after a meeting held at noon. They went for the purpose of stopping work on the building until satisfactory arrangements were made to put only American union labor at work. The work being at a standstill their visit was without result in this direction. The club, however, takes the position that the construction must not be pushed until such labor is employed.

The coming of workers from the east is expected this afternoon, and the result is not known, for their coming is certain to place added complications in the situation.

Work on the new Commercial club building, was resumed this morning with a crew composed of Japanese, Greeks and Italians in place of union structural iron workers.

Superintendent J. E. Holstrom, of the Construction company, announces that a force of skilled workmen is being brought from the East to be employed on the building.

The local union of the International Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, began active work today to enlist the sympathy and assistance of the Salt Lake business men and Commercial club in its fight.

The differences existing between the union and the Minneapolis Steel & Machinery company, subcontractors on the building, arise from the refusal of the company to meet the demand for a 56 1/2 cents per hour wage schedule, instead of 50 cents.

With a motley crew of Japanese, Greeks, Italians, and a sprinkling of English-speaking men, they have been taunting and jeering several hundred union men, their sympathizers, and a crowd of the curious, the tie-up in the construction of the Commercial club building was broken this morning, and the erection of the structural iron and steel framework begun.

## UNUSUAL SIGHT A MAGNET

After two weeks of haggling over the wage scale, in which stubbornness and defiance were shown on the two sides, the contractors and the structural iron workers, the builders put into effect the plan which they have been quietly working out the past few days. When the whistle blew at 8 o'clock this morning a gang of about 65 men, a mix of all nations, gathered in front of the Commercial club building, and in a few minutes the board fence surrounding the excavation was lined with the union men and those attracted by the unusual spectacle of Japanese and Greek "strike-breakers."

Although not anticipating any trouble, yet in order to take all precautionary measures and prevent any outbreak or attack upon the laborers, the contractors had summoned the aid of the sheriff's office and the police, as well as hiring a number of special men. Sheriff Sharp with seven deputies, and two policemen were on hand, while special officers circulated among the crowd.

There was absolutely no disturbance, however, nor any sign of attempt to prevent the beginning of work, and the union men contented themselves with a burning fire of sarcastic comment about the employment of Japs and Greeks to work on a public building.

## BITTER FIGHT PROMISED

The employment of foreigners on the construction of the Commercial club building promises to result in one of the most bitter fights that has stirred Salt Lake labor circles for many a day, and its finish, whether within a day or a year will in all probability be accomplished through the business men and the Commercial club of Salt Lake acting as the intermediary.

The situation in which the Minneapolis Steel & Machinery company, as the sub-contractor for the iron and steel work of the building, and the

# LOCAL NEWS

## SUMMARY OF SITUATION.

The situation summed up is that the union demands a wage scale of 56 1/2 cents per hour, the contractors refuse to pay more than 50 cents per hour, and have carried out their declaration by the employment of cheap labor, until the arrival of a force of workmen from the east, some of whom are due in the city today and the remainder within a few days.

Work was to have been begun by the Minneapolis Steel & Machinery company two weeks ago, but the union men refused to begin until assured of their demand for wages of 56 1/2 cents per hour. The company refused to accede to the demand and since they have succeeded only in working only half day and will not be able to turn out a small force of workmen, until this morning.

The promise of a fight is manifested in the emphatically hopeful feeling on both sides. J. E. Holstrom, superintendent for the construction company, expressed himself as well pleased this morning with the outlook and was confident that work would be resumed on continuously now without any serious hindrance. J. E. Munsey, business agent for the union, was equally confident that the union men would be met and the union workers placed on the job. This, Mr. Munsey believes will be accomplished and is confident that the arrival of public sympathy.

To a "News" reporter this morning, Superintendent Holstrom said:

"We have got fairly well started now, and I think we can continue without any trouble. We have about 50 men at work and will put on more as we can get them. Of course, this is not skilled labor, but that is not required at the present stage of the work. We have a number of men on the job, and we can get more of them should arrive here today. With these we will be able to get along all right."

"We do not anticipate any trouble. There is no need for it. There is no strike. It is simply that the union here demands 56 1/2 cents per hour, while we can only pay 50 cents, and more than 50 cents, the regular scale. If any of these men want to come to work at the wages we offer we will be glad to have them."

## THE IRONWORKERS' SIDE.

Mr. Munsey, on his side, declares that the contracting firm had two months' notice of the intention of the union to strike, and insists that the wage asked for is the recognized scale now. A meeting of the executive committee of the union was held this morning at which the matter of the employment of the Japanese, Greeks and others, and a line of action laid out. Following the meeting, Mr. Munsey said:

"It is an outrage that Japs and Greeks should be employed on a public building, and the Commercial club is to be, and we hope to win in our demands by arousing the public sentiment. We are asking nothing but what is right, and we will be able to present the case to the men of the city. We are sure to get their help, and in that way win our fight."

"We are in a fight now, but it is going to be a peaceable one, and there is no danger of any violence being used. I have cautioned our men against this, and the Japs will not be prevented by force from working."

## INTERMEDIARY SOUGHT.

Following the meeting of the union men a committee called on Fisher Harris and other members of the Commercial club to bring about a settlement with the contractors. The committee was met by a settlement with the contractors, but that would result in the discharge of the foreign labor and the employment of the union men.

Although a large crowd congregated about the vicinity of the new building early this morning after work was begun, it soon divided away, and during the forenoon, there was not more than 50 persons about the place. At noon a few more gathered, but there was no demonstration, although a few union men approached some of the contractors in an attempt to induce them to meet the union men to discuss the matter.

The union men gathered in little knots, expressing their indignation. When one would get too excited or condemnatory in his denunciation of the contractors, he was cautioned by the more cool-headed, and the conversations generally were carried on in low tones.

"Well, I wish one of those beams would fall on a Jap and kill him," one of the men said. "It is the only way to do what two or three of us could."

The above were some of the running comments among the onlookers. At noon the deputies and specials were still on the ground, but found no occasion for interference.

# DEMENTED TRAMP CUTS HIS THROAT

Passengers on the Salt Lake and Ogden  
Train This Morning Witness  
Distressing Sight.

Passengers on the train from Layton on the Salt Lake & Ogden railroad this morning were horrified to see a semi-nude man sitting near the track, at a point between Layton and Ogden, where he was in the act of cutting his throat.

E. M. Whitesides of Layton who was coming to Salt Lake promptly notified Dr. Ingram at Kayville and together they went in search of the man. When found the man was bleeding profusely from his wounds and had cut his clothing into shreds. He was with difficulty taken to a suburban ranch, where he now is, and the chances of recovery are said to be good.

It is believed that the man was a tramp addicted to the morphine habit. He was in such a condition when found that it was impossible to secure any coherent statement from him.

## ZEPPELIN AIRSHIP DESCENDS.

Friedrichshafen, June 2.—The Zeppelin airship, after having made its way by easy stages from Goepingen, arrived here at 6 o'clock this morning and descended successfully to the floating shed on the lake of Constance. The damage sustained at the end of the prolonged flight of Sunday and Monday will be repaired today.

## TROOPS READY TO MOVE.

Sacramento, Cal., June 2.—The Sacramento companies of the California National Guard are still in the army here, and, according to the adjutant-general, will not leave for Mexico until the situation owing to the strike of Italian lumbermen is said to have reached an acute stage, until further information is received from there.

# M. JUSSERAND ON TARIFF ISSUE

Thinks it Poor Policy for United  
States to Place Duties on  
Such Articles as Gloves.

## LEMON INDUSTRY NEEDS IT.

Farther West He Travels Greater His  
Astonishment at Greatness  
Of the Country.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 2.—In an interview here last night, Ambassador Jusserand talked briefly about the issues involved in the tariff discussion now going on in the United States senate.

"In general," he said, "it is poor policy for this government to put heavy duties on such articles as gloves and others not manufactured in large quantities in this country. Such industries as the lemon industry of California, however, demand a heavy duty so that they may be fostered and encouraged."

Mr. Jusserand warmly praised Senator Frank P. Flint to whom he said he owed the pleasure of this trip to California. He said that the people of California should be proud of Senator Flint and his work.

The farther west he travels, the more astonished he is over the greatness of the United States. He said, "If the people of France had such rivers as are in the west, they would claim them all, and would not be so wasteful of water to go to waste. Irrigation is a great thing, especially for the western part of America."

Mrs. Jusserand, the ambassador's wife, who accompanied him on the trip, said that she was very much interested in the lemon industry of California. She said that she had heard that the lemon industry was very important in California, and she was glad to see it.

Ambassador Jusserand and Mrs. Jusserand were entertained in Los Angeles today both with private and public functions, culminating tonight in a reception at the chamber of commerce. The ambassador was in honor at noon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Edwards. Mrs. Edwards is the sister of President Taft. The ambassador and his wife enjoyed a trip to the business men of the city, and places of interest this afternoon with a party of friends in automobiles. At the reception tonight, Mayor Alexander will extend an official welcome and several prominent citizens will deliver brief addresses.

# MILITARY TOURNAMENT AT SEATTLE EXPOSITION

Seattle, Wash., June 2.—A military tournament participated in by soldiers from Porto Lawton and Worden and sailors from the American and Japanese fleets was begun at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific grounds today. The soldiers have taken up permanent camp at the grounds; the sailors leave the ships each day. The tournament, which began a few days ago by army officers have been added wrestling and boxing matches to be held at night indoors. The Japanese will keep clear of most of the athletic games but hope to win running races and wrestling bouts.

# PANAMA LIBEL CASE CONTINUED UNTIL OCTOBER

Indianapolis, June 2.—The Panama libel case against the owners of the Indianapolis News was continued today in the federal court until Oct. 11, to give the government opportunity to produce its witnesses. Frank Hitchcock and Norman E. Mack, certain members of the office force, and J. P. Morgan and certain government officials in Washington.

# FIRE IN PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, June 2.—Fire today destroyed the five-story building of Schenck & Co., milliners, at 1294 Chestnut street, and spread to the Beneficial building next door and owned and occupied in part by the Beneficial Saving fund. Loss \$200,000.

# KAISER AND CZAR TO MEET JUNE 17

St. Petersburg, June 2.—The Novosibirsk train will stop here for a meeting between Emperor William and Emperor Nicholas in the waters of the Finnish gulf on June 17. Emperor William will arrive on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern and join the Russian imperial family. Shortly after the visit the emperor of Russia and his wife and children will start on their summer cruise in the Finnish archipelago.

# ALASKA MINES FLOODED.

Seattle, Wash., June 2.—A cable dispatch from Fairbanks, Alaska, says: "The Bessie Bench claim, at Underwood, has been flooded with damage of \$150,000. A steam point broke through the dam, and the water rushed down the channel. Scandia ground also is flooded. The loss here is believed to be \$100,000. The damage is irreparable. The workmen barely escaped by rushing through second and Relief third. The mines were filled in two minutes."

# STANFORD HANDICAP.

Manchester, England, June 2.—The Stamford 3-year-old handicap of 200 sovereigns, distance five furlongs, was won today by Elizer. Snappin was second and Belle third. Among the 15 starters was H. P. Whitney's Sixty II.

The 2-year-old selling plate of 200 sovereigns, the winner to be sold at auction for 100 sovereigns, distance five furlongs, was won by H. P. Whitney's filly by Broobstock, out of Belle of Troy.

Gallos was second and Araufura third. Six horses ran.

The Whitcomb plate of 1,000 sovereigns for 2-year-olds, distance five furlongs, was won by Lonawar. The Jade was second and H. P. Whitney's colt by Broombstick out of Salle of Navarre third. The other American entries did not start.

# CHANGE OF VENUE IN STOCKADE CASE

Counsel for Belle London Takes  
Matter to Justice Hanks'  
Court.

## ALLEGED BIAS OF BISHOP

P. T. Farnsworth Appears as Special  
Counsel and Will Handle All  
Redlight Cases.

The case of the Citizens' Investment company, charged with being the owner of houses used for immoral purposes in what is known as the "stockade," was called in Justice F. M. Bishop's court at 10 o'clock this morning. Representing the state were Job Lyon, county attorney; P. T. Farnsworth, special counsel assisting Mr. Lyon, and District Attorney F. C. Loomis, who was present in an advisory capacity. For the defense, Attorney S. A. King was the only legal representative present when the hearing was called.

At the outset, Attorney King presented an affidavit signed by Emilio Pechar, secretary of the Citizens' Investment company, alleging a belief in the bias and prejudice of Justice F. M. Bishop, and asking for a change of venue. The case was not resisted by the county attorney, and was granted by the justice. The parties agreeing upon Justice Hanks' court, the case was transferred to the court of the justice, and will in all probability be called up at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon, though the exact time Friday remains yet to be decided upon.

Atty. P. T. Farnsworth, who has been called into the case to assist County Atty. Lyon, will have charge of the prosecution of all the cases against the Citizens' Investment company, and Belle London, and the cases generally known as the "stockade" cases.

County Atty. Lyon has so many other matters demanding his attention that he feels that he cannot give personal attention to all the matters before him, and has called Mr. Farnsworth in to take charge of the prosecutions against the Citizens' Investment company, and Belle London, and the cases generally known as the "stockade" cases.

Mr. Farnsworth stated this morning that the case against the Citizens' Investment company will be the only one to be proceeded with the present week. He has not looked into the other cases sufficiently to proceed with them at once, but will ask that the case against the London woman be set early next week, and the other cases as rapidly as they can be disposed of.

As the offense charged against the Citizens' Investment company is the violation of the public morals, the hearing before the justice will be merely preliminary, and the defendant will be either bound over to await the action of the court in the case, or will be dismissed.

# OVERLAND LIMITED SUSPECTS ARRAIGNED

Engineer Mickeljohn Identified Fred  
Totensen as Man Who Threat-  
ened Him.

Omaha, Neb., June 2.—When the three men arrested and charged with holding up and robbing the mail car on the Union Pacific Overland Limited the night of May 22, were arraigned before Judge Munger in the United States court today it was apparent the case would probably last two days. Attorneys for the prisoners indicated that the government would be asked to show so far as possible what evidence it has to present against the men under arrest.

Alexander Mickeljohn, the engineer in the cab the night of the holdup, was the first witness called. An automatic revolver placed at his cheek was the inducement presented to cause Engineer Mickeljohn to stop his train. Mickeljohn identified Fred Totensen, one of the defendants, as the man who had threatened him, pointing Totensen out in the courtroom.

Atty. McFarland, who represented the prisoners, cross-examined Mickeljohn. The three defendants followed the examination closely.

The prisoners refused to waive hearing and their attorney intimated that the government would be asked to produce evidence to warrant the court in binding them over. Members of the train crew testified, each detailing the operation of the bandits and partially identifying the prisoners as being the men implicated.

The police have located the room where Gordon and a man believed to be a fourth member of the bandit gang lived together. The room was located at 1215 E. 12th street. It was learned that Gordon's room-mate recently left the place and the authorities believe it was he who was arrested in Denver today.

## ANOTHER SUSPECT ARRESTED.

Denver, June 2.—James Shelton, believed by the police here to be fourth member of the band of train robbers which recently held up and robbed a Union Pacific passenger train near Omaha, Neb., was arrested here early this morning in a Curtis street rooming house.

According to Chief of Police Armstrong, came to Denver several days ago, and has been trying to raise funds for the defense of the three men now under arrest at Omaha. Shelton will be taken to Omaha immediately. A reward of \$6,000 for his arrest and conviction is outstanding.

Lillian Stevenson, who claims to be Shelton's wife, was also placed under arrest. Chief of Police Armstrong is positive she is the woman in the "automobile group photograph" discovered by the Omaha police, and which was traced to a Denver gallery.

Shelton will not be taken to Omaha immediately, as was at first stated, but will be held here pending further developments in the case.

## THE POPE'S BIRTHDAY.

Rome, June 2.—The pope is 74 years of age today, having been born at Riese, on June 2, 1855. In accordance with his wish the celebration of the day will be private.

# GRADUATES NOW FACE THE WORLD

Classes of 1909 of the University  
Of Utah Are Given Their  
Sheepskins.

## EXERCISES ARE HELD TODAY

Commencement Procession Marks the  
Opening of the Day's Program  
—The Graduates.

The graduation exercises of the fortieth annual commencement of the University of Utah were held this morning. The program was very impressive. Held's band was in attendance and the exercises of the day were begun by the commencement procession following the band as follows: The candidates for kindergarten certificate, the candidates for normal certificate, the candidates for kindergarten-normal diploma, the candidates for the five-year normal certificate, the candidates for the two years' course in law, the candidates for the two years' certificate in electrical engineering, the candidates for the degree of bachelor of arts, and the candidates for bachelor of science in mining engineering, electrical engineering, civil engineering, mechanical engineering, chemical engineering, and general engineering.

Next came the alumni of the university, the faculty of the university, official guests of the college and members of the board of regents. The procession marched around the campus and across to the gymnasium, where the exercises proper were held. The opening number was a selection by the orchestra under the direction of Prof. J. W. Cooper.

The program: Prayer by the Rev. D. M. Helmick. Essay for the normal class, "Loyalty and the Classroom," by George C. Ensign. Solo and chorus, "Charity" (Gounod). Mrs. Edith Grant and ladies of the choir.

Dr. J. W. Young, the Local University and the Commonwealth, Richard W. Young Jr.

In the course of his talk Mr. Young said: "Democracy must be brought about by high education. There can be no democracy of education without the state university. Only the sons of the wealthy can secure education in the best institutions, and such was the deplorable condition in times past. But such is not the case at present. We have a faculty competent to present the best of the state university. Credits from our school are acceptable anywhere; our mining school is second to no institution in the United States; in the field of agriculture, the best of the state university has passed its pupil state and there is no presumption in asking the best support of all citizens of the state. We are in an attempt to make the best of the state university men of the West. Utah is building up a commonwealth with its own atmosphere and atmosphere can be acquired. The student who gets his professional training from an alien institution absorbs the atmosphere of the locality of the school, and therefore he is in a way differentiated in his coping with western men in a western community. The state offers such as can be obtained by the student, and such as can be obtained by the professional and social leaders in the future. The students are all given an equal opportunity to make the best of themselves."

At the close of Mr. Young's speech the orchestra rendered a selection from Carmen. Address, by His Excellency Governor William Spry, Chorus, "Hallelujah" From Mount of Olives, Beethoven. University choir and orchestra. The president's annual address of the conditions of the university.

President Kingsbury gave a brief history of the university, noting the growth and increase in enrollment, courses and raising the requirements. The president read a eulogy of the late Mrs. Rebecca Little, who was a student, alumnus, and regent of the university. At the conclusion of the address, the entire gathering stood with heads bowed in respect to the memory of the late Mrs. Little. Awarded degrees, conferred and raising the requirements. The president read a eulogy of the late Mrs. Rebecca Little, who was a student, alumnus, and regent of the university. At the conclusion of the address, the entire gathering stood with heads bowed in respect to the memory of the late Mrs. Little. Awarded degrees, conferred and raising the requirements.

The kindergarten certificate is awarded to the following students: Cora Ada Beck, Rachel Clark, Mary Estelle Daft, Naomi Deak, Leahy Dawn Douglas, Mildred Douglass, Hattie Leon Waples. The normal certificate is awarded to the following students: Fern Anderson, Bertha Anderson, Zelta Balingier, Elroy Doberg, Maude Bowen, Orson Metzger Calder, Blanche Dehling, Olive Elizabeth Dosey, Ivy Forrester, Ethel Creswell Graham, Alta McGee, Linda Irene Hamren, Margaret Graves, Della Camilla Heath, Pearl Higgins, Zina Higgins, Ellis Martin Isaacson, May Jespersen, Sara Louisa Jones, Edith Laura Keith, Marian Leach, Ina Leigh, Merle Lynch, Catherine Marron, Ella Mathews, Ruby Neslen, Lucy Arundha Nichols, May Nimmo, Isabelle Pardee, Louis Peterson, Milo Rowan, Allen Sharp, Cecil Shores, Lizzie P. Smith, Edith Elissa Stevens, Bertha Sutherland, Alice May Taylor, Gay Veda Thomas, Bertha Tye, Elizabeth Hutcheson Eric, Cecelia Rees, Rachel Williams, Mary Ellen Williams, Mary Ann Williams.

The kindergarten-normal diploma is awarded to the following students: Bina Fenton, Bada Nordvall. The certificate of graduation from the five-year normal course is awarded to the following students: George Calvin Easign, Nellie Jennings.

The normal high school diploma conferred upon the following students: John Banks, Roswell Cole Belnap, Laura Mabel Brown, Walter Alfred Kerr, Vera Hagerman Shaver, Sarah Charlotte Stewart, Louis Wallace, Maud Leon Williams.

A two-years' certificate in law is awarded to the following students who have completed the first two years of a law course: Ernest H. Burgess, Edward Watson.

A two-years' certificate in medicine is awarded to the following who have completed the first two years of a medical course: Wilford Williams Beck, R. Mark Brown, C. W. Bigelow, A. D. Colley, Asa Lyman Curtis, R. F. Forbush, Sudbury Johnson, Alonzo N. Leonard, Wesley F. Orr, F. L. Peterson, Lynn D. Stewart, John C. Stocks.

The degree of bachelor of arts is conferred upon the following students: John Banks, Roswell Cole Belnap, Laura Mabel Brown, Walter Alfred Kerr, Vera Hagerman Shaver, Sarah Charlotte Stewart, Louis Wallace, Maud Leon Williams.

The degree of bachelor of science in civil engineering is conferred upon the following students: Roscoe Franklin Cole, Jesse Myron Walker.

The degree of bachelor of science in electrical engineering is conferred upon the following student: Wilford Young Cannon.

The degree of bachelor of science in mechanical engineering is conferred upon the following student: Wilford Young Cannon.

The degree of bachelor of science in general engineering is conferred upon the following student: Wilford Young Cannon.

The degree of master of science in electrical engineering is conferred upon the following student: Theodore Pickel Holt.

The Alumni association will give a banquet in honor of the graduates this evening in the University hall. Samuel W. Richards, the only foreigner, member of the first board of regents, appointed by Brigham Young in 1850, will be the guest of honor. W. W. Ray will act as toastmaster and toast the graduates. The banquet will be given by the Alumni association, and the proceeds will be used for the benefit of the university. The banquet will be given by the Alumni association, and the proceeds will be used for the benefit of the university.

# DIG DEFLATION NO ARRESTS MADE

Lewiston, Idaho, National Bank  
Found by Examiner to be  
Short \$137,000.

## ADDING MACHINE WAS FIXED

Stealing Extended Over Period of Five  
Years—Stockholders Put Up  
Amount Stolen.

Lewiston, Idaho, June 2.—National Bank Examiner Claude Gatch is authority for the statement, that a shortage has been discovered in the funds of the Lewiston National bank. Beyond the fact that the stockholders have made the alleged shortage good, Mr. Gatch declines to discuss the situation. It is said that the alleged defalcation amounts to \$137,000.

The alleged embezzlement has, it is stated, extended over a period of the last five years, and it was made possible, it is understood, by manipulation of the adding machine used in computing the daily balances.

Immediately after the condition became known to the bank officials, a meeting of the board of directors was called, and the entire defalcation made good by them.

The Lewiston National bank and the Idaho Trust company were consolidated about a year ago, at that time the capital and surplus of the Lewiston National was \$200,000 and the capital of the trust company \$400,000. The combined assets at the present time are about \$900,000, of which \$450,000 is subject to checks. The cash on hand is \$200,000.

When the shortage was discovered, the hands of the controller of the currency, who will decide whether any arrests will be made.

P. W. Wooten, president of the National bank and Idaho Trust company, said: "I corroborate the statement of Mr. Gatch as to the defalcation having been made good. Some time since, when it was discovered that defalcations by employees had been committed, the directors and large shareholders, after having checked up and ascertained the exact amount paid it in at once. A material salvage has since been realized and a further salvage is covered by surety company bonds."

"No suspicion attaches to any employee now in the bank. The defalcations started in about 1904, and a gradual abstraction covering a period of five years and no large sum was taken at any one time."

# COLUMBIA CONFERS DEGREE ON HARVARD'S PRESIDENT

New York, June 2.—Dr. Abbott Lawrence Lowell, the new president of Harvard, was honored today by Columbia university at its annual commencement, the honorary degree of doctor of laws being bestowed upon him. President Butler in presenting the degree, said: "Succeeding amid universal applause to a post of great dignity and responsibility, you have shown a deep sense of Harvard's highest interest; president of Harvard university, I gladly admit you to the degree of doctor of laws in this university."

The degree of doctor of laws was conferred also upon Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, senator from Wisconsin, John Colt Spooner, former governor of Massachusetts, and Alfred Mosely, C. M. G. of London, England.

# OLYMPIC GAMES.

International Council Recommends  
International Jury to Decide Them.

Berlin, June 2.—The most important act of the international council of the Olympic games which has been in session here was the recommendation of the principle of an international jury to decide events in future Olympiads. The council took under consideration the unfortunate controversies that arose in London in 1908 and finally decided that it was wiser to introduce an international system of judging, rather than leave this to the sole control of the country where the games take place.

The Swedish representative expressed this view. The council, it is explained, is in a spirit of criticism of anything that happened in England; its opinion was that the contests would be conducted with greater good will if they were under international control.

The Swedish government has invited the participants in the games of 1912 which are to be held in Stockholm to reside in Sweden during the period of training should they desire to do so.

# WHOLESALE GROCERS DEMANDS